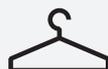


# Pure easiness for a wide range of applications

## ACS580 and ACS480 general purpose drives

Textile



Food and beverage



Sawmill



Material handling



Agriculture



Logistics and warehousing



Printing



Rubber and plastic



Water and wastewater



Automotive



- Save time with the ease of selection and installation as the standard product is ready to control your processes.
- Save money with built-in features and components that make these drives a perfect fit for many applications.
- Keep your systems running smoothly without unexpected delays in the production.

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# Pure easiness for many applications

## ACS580 and ACS480 general purpose drives

### Introduction

The ABB's general purpose drive series are designed to serve a broad range of different variable and constant torque applications, such as conveyors, centrifuges, fans, compressors, pumps, and winders in many industries, including, for example, food and beverage, agriculture, sawmills, automotive, and material handling.

To fulfill the needs of these many applications and industries, the ACS580 and ACS480 drives are equipped with all the essential and necessary components to ensure your applications are controlled reliably. In addition, these drives feature an intuitive, state-of-the-art control panel as standard, offering you simplicity not experienced before.

The purpose of this application guide is to illustrate the many applications where these drives can offer easiness, performance, and energy efficiency. The guide not only explains how you can take the full advantage of these drives, but it also advises step by step how to effectively operate the assistant control panel and how to easily set up the various features to leverage the full potential of your drive.

### Two products, many applications

The ACS580 and ACS480 serve a broad range of different applications, offering them many features that help you get maximum results out. The ACS580 is a great fit for even demanding needs, while the ACS480 is a good choice when only the basics are required.

### Easiness you've not experienced before

The ACS580 and ACS480 come with an intuitive and easy-to-use control panel that makes it extremely easy to operate the drives.

### Step by step instructions

This application guide instructs how you can apply each feature and explains which benefits the specific feature brings to your system.



# Introduction to the assistant control panel

Save time, monitor values that matter, ask help – all with the assistant control panel

**Experience easiness in a totally new way** with the assistant control panel, which is delivered as standard with the ABB general purpose drives. Setting up the drive, operating it, and asking for help in unclear situations have never been as easy. The set up assistant guides you through the commissioning procedure with straightforward questions **without the need to access any drive parameters**. Once the assisted setup is done, the drive is ready to control the motor. If some adjustments are still needed, Primary settings offer you an easy way to fine-tune the settings – again without the need to access any parameters.

Stressing the easiness even further, the assistant control panel features several, easily accessible home views, with which you can **monitor all the values that are important to you**. The I/O view, on the other hand, lets you easily to **make sure that the actual I/O wiring matches the I/O use in the control program**. You can also make changes to the I/O connections straight from this view and **avoid wasting time** with finding the right parameters and signals.

Finally, should you face any unclear situations, you don't necessarily need to have a manual in your hands. Instead, you can **ask help from the drive by simply pressing the help button**.

## Experience the easiness

- 1) The setup assistant guides you through the commissioning quickly and effortlessly once you power up the drive.
- 2) **Primary settings** can be accessed from the **Home view** by pressing the right side button indicating **Menu**. In **Primary settings**, you can adjust and fine-tune the most important and common settings, such as motor, start, stop, ramps, limits, PID and PFC settings.
- 3) **Home views** allow you to monitor any value you wish. Click **Options** on the left side to edit the home view. To add a new home view, click the right arrow button till the display shows **Add new**. Select **Add new** and identify what you want to monitor.
- 4) To see the I/O connections, click **Menu** on the home view and select **I/O**. Click **Select** on the right side to see further information and change the connections.
- 5) Press the help button identified by a question mark on the assistant control panel, to get a more detailed explanation in any unclear situations.

# Conveyors

## Belt conveyor for glass bottles

The ABB general purpose drives have many useful features for controlling belt conveyors and conveyors moving heavy loads. External control allows users to manually fine-tune the speed of the conveyor, mechanical brake control synchronizes the motor control and mechanical brake control, s-ramp guarantees smooth acceleration and deceleration of the conveyor, and stall function protects the motor in stall situations.



### Features for conveyors

#### Highlight features

- External control
- Mechanical brake control
- S-ramp
- Stall function

#### Use also for these applications

- Pumps, fans
- Turntables
- Conveyors
- Mixers, compressors



## Conveyors

### Benefits and instructions – two control locations

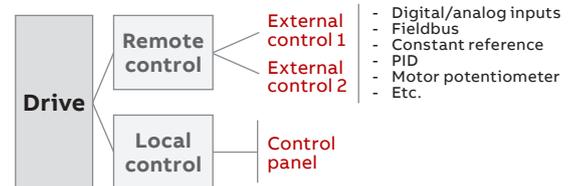
Suitable for:

- ACS580
- ACS480

#### Benefits of two control locations

Two external control locations become handy in situations where the speed of the belt conveyor needs to be fine-tuned on a one-time basis. Slowing the speed might be needed, for example, to be able to inspect the bottles. Using two control locations enables you to set a speed reference for the belt conveyor, for example, through digital inputs or a fieldbus, and in addition, to control the speed, for example, manually via a potentiometer.

Manual control with the potentiometer offers flexibility and simplicity for the process, since no parameters need to be adjusted and the potentiometer can be used whenever needed. The following shows how the second control locations for the motor potentiometer can be applied.



#### How do you set it up?

1) In this example, it's assumed that external control location 1 is already configured. For example, if the belt conveyor is driven normally through a fieldbus, it uses external control location 1. To enable the external control location 2 for the motor potentiometer, go to **Primary settings**, make sure the drive is on vector control, and select **Start, stop, reference**.

2) Select **Secondary control location** and activate **Use two control locations**.

3) Select the source that activates the second control location. Set the **Motor potentiometer** as the reference, and determine **Start/stop/dir from**, if needed.

4) Go back to the **Start, stop, reference** view and select **Motor potentiometer**. Determine the sources for increasing and decreasing the speed. Adjust also the minimum and maximum values for the speed, if needed.

1) Remote  My drive 50.0 Hz <b>Main menu</b> Primary settings I/O Diagnostics Exit 14:07 Select	Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Primary settings</b> Macro: ABB standard (vector) Motor Start, stop, reference Ramps Limits Back 11:32 Select	Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Primary settings</b> Macro: ABB standard (vector) Motor Start, stop, reference Ramps Limits Back 11:32 Select
2) Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Start, stop, reference</b> Reference from: AI2 directly AI2 scaling Start/stop/dir from: DI1 start/stop,... Secondary control location Off Constant speeds On Back 11:33 Select	Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Secondary control location</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Use two control locations Activate from Custom Reference from Not selected Start/stop/dir from Not selected Back 11:33 Select	
3) Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Secondary control location</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Use two control locations Activate from DI3 Reference from: Not selected Start/stop/dir from: Not selected Back 11:33 Edit	Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Reference from:</b> Not selected AI1 directly AI2 directly PID Motor potentiometer Cancel 11:35 Save	Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Start/stop/dir from:</b> Not selected DI1 start/stop DI1 start/stop, DI2 direction Control panel DI1 forward, DI2 reverse Cancel 11:35 Save
4) Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Start, stop, reference</b> AI2 scaling Start/stop/dir from: DI1 start/stop... Secondary control location On Motor potentiometer Constant speeds On Back 11:37 Select	Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Motor potentiometer</b> Up from: Not selected Down from: Not selected Minimum: -50.00 rpm Maximum: 50.00 rpm Back 11:37 Edit	Remote  My drive 1029.0 rpm <b>Up from:</b> -- DI3 DI4 DI5 DI6 Cancel 11:37 Save

## Conveyors

### Benefits and instructions – mechanical brake control

Suitable for:

- ACS580
- ACS480

#### Benefits of mechanical brake control

A mechanical brake can be used for **holding the motor at zero speed** while the drive is stopped or not powered. Mechanical brake control is a good feature when the motor control and mechanical brake need to be **accurately synchronized**, for example, to perform an operation on the conveyed item. A mechanical brake prevents a heavy load from dragging an inclined conveyor backwards while stopped for the operation. It also allows **smooth starting of the conveyor**, as the load is

held in place by the speed control of the drive until the brake open delay has passed. In case of a stop request, the speed of the motor is ramped down to a stop before closing the brake, allowing smooth stopping. Additionally, using the control through the drive, you can **reduce the number of mechanical components** that would otherwise be required to control the brake. The following advises how to set the mechanical brake control on the ACS580 and ACS480. For wiring instructions, check the corresponding standard control manuals.

#### How do you set it up?

1) The mechanical brake is controlled by bit 0 of parameter **44.01 Brake control status**. Select this bit as the source of a relay output. Go first to **Parameters** and select **Complete list**. Scroll down to parameter group **10 Standard DI, RO**. Select parameter **10.24 RO1 source** to set the source for the RO1. Scroll down the list and select **[22] Brake command**.

2) Next go to parameter group **44 Mechanical brake control**. In parameter **44.06**, you can select which signal enables the mechanical brake control. Here, for example, digital inputs or other functions can be chosen. Once you've selected the signal, click **Save**.

3) Parameter **44.08** defines the brake opening delay, while parameter **44.09** defines the closing delay. These values are specified by the brake manufacturer.

4) In parameter **44.14 Brake close level** you can define the motor speed for brake close as an absolute value. Once the motor speed has decelerated to this level, a close command is given.

The screenshots illustrate the configuration process:

- Screenshot 1:** Shows the 'Complete list' menu for parameter group 10. Parameter 10.24 RO1 source is selected, with option [22] Brake command highlighted.
- Screenshot 2:** Shows the 'Complete list' menu for parameter group 44. Parameter 44.06 Brake control enable is selected, with option [2] DI1 highlighted.
- Screenshot 3:** Shows the 'Edit' screen for parameter 44.08 Brake open delay, with a value of 2.00 s entered.
- Screenshot 4:** Shows the 'Edit' screen for parameter 44.14 Brake close level, with a value of 100.00 rpm entered.

As the ACS580 and ACS480 drives do not have support for an encoder they are not optimal for vertical movement, and for those situations, the ACS380 and ACS880 are better choices.

# Conveyors

## Benefits and instructions – s-ramp

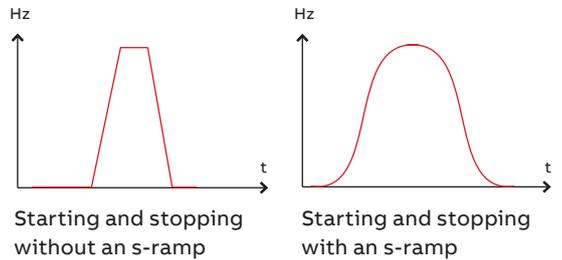
Suitable for:

- ACS580
- ACS480

### Benefits of s-ramp

An s-ramp, or a shaped ramp, is a specific type of ramp that defines how smoothly the motor accelerates or decelerates. As the s-ramp is applied, it allows the motor to **accelerate and decelerate smoothly without any sudden twitches** that might cause the glass bottles to swing and break down on the belt conveyor.

You can define how quickly or slowly the motor achieves its maximum speed and how it decelerates to a stop. If ramps are used, the shape time determines the smoothness of the ramp. The following gives step-by-step instructions how to apply the s-ramp.



### How do you set it up?

- 1) To set the s-ramp, or shaped ramp, go to **Primary settings** and select **Ramps**.
- 2) Adjust acceleration and deceleration times if needed by clicking **Edit**. Use the arrow buttons to set the desired value and click **Save**. To determine the s-ramp, edit **Shape time**. Longer shape times correspond to smoother ramps.

1) Remote My drive 43.7 Hz

<b>Main menu</b>	<b>Primary settings</b>	<b>Primary settings</b>
Primary settings	Macro: ABB standard	Motor
I/O	Start, stop, reference	Ramps
Diagnostics	Limits	
Exit 14:07	Select	Back 14:08

2) Remote My drive 43.7 Hz

<b>Ramps</b>	<b>Ramps</b>	<b>Shape time:</b>
Acceleration time: 20.000 s	Acceleration time: 20.000 s	0010.000 s
Deceleration time: 20.000 s	Deceleration time: 20.000 s	
Frequency scaling for ram...: 50.00 Hz	Frequency scaling for ram...: 50.00 Hz	
Shape time: 0.000 s	Shape time: 0.000 s	
Stop mode: Coast	Stop mode: Coast	
Back 15:30	Edit 14:08	Cancel 14:08
		Save

## Conveyors

### Benefits and instructions – stall function

Suitable for:

- ACS580
- ACS480

#### Benefits of the stall function

The purpose of the stall function is to **protect the motor in stall situations** where the motor is unable to rotate. Stalling occurs if the load torque is greater than the motor shaft torque. Regarding belt conveyors, the load torque might increase above the shaft torque, for example, if additional objects are put on the conveyor belt, or if the belt is prevented from moving, for instance as a consequence of an accident.

If the motor is not able to rotate, the slip of the induction motor increases. This increase causes higher voltage, and thus more current is induced in the rotor windings. The higher the current in

the windings, the more heat and damage it can cause for the winding insulation and the motor. The stall function protects the motor by monitoring the motor current and the speed or the output frequency. If user-set limits for the current and speed or frequency are reached over a user-defined period of time, a fault or warning is generated.

By being prepared for this kind of situation, the **lifetime of the motor can be improved and the maintenance interval can be prolonged**. The following instructs step by step how the benefits of the stall function can be applied. For wiring instructions, please refer to the user's manual.

#### How do you set it up?

1) To adjust parameters related to stalling, go to **Primary settings**, scroll down and select **Advanced functions**. Go down and select **Stall protection**.

2) Select **Detect motor stall** to enable the stall protection function.

3) Define which action is taken in case of a stall condition. A warning notifies users about the stall condition on the control panel's screen, while a fault leads the drive to trip.

4) Next, define the stall current limit as a percentage value of the nominal current. Set also the stall speed or frequency limits depending on the motor control mode (vector or scalar).

5) Set the time limit to indicate a stall condition. If the stall current together with the stall speed/frequency have occurred over the stall time, the drive generates a warning or a fault to notify users about the condition.

1) Remote  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

Main menu	
Primary settings	▶
I/O	▶
Diagnostics	▶
Exit	14:07

Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

Primary settings	
PID	Not selected ▶
Pump and fan control	Off ▶
Fieldbus	Off ▶
Advanced functions	▶
Clock, region, display	▶
Back	14:19

Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

Advanced functions	
Additional fault reset	Custom
Autoreset faults	Off ▶
Supervision	▶
Stall protection	Off ▶
Back	14:19

2) Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

Stall protection	
<input type="checkbox"/> Detect motor stall	
Action:	Custom
If current higher than:	200.0 %
If frequency lower than:	15.00 Hz
For at least:	20 s
Back	14:19

Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

Stall protection	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detect motor stall	
Action:	Warning
If current higher than:	200.0 %
If frequency lower than:	15.00 Hz
For at least:	20 s
Back	14:19

3) Remote  My drive 0.0 Hz

Stall protection	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detect motor stall	
Action:	Warning
If current higher than:	200.0 %
If speed lower than:	150.00 rpm
For at least:	20 s
Back	11:37

Remote  My drive 0.0 Hz

Action:	
Warning	
Fault	
Cancel	11:36

4) Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

Stall protection	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detect motor stall	
Action:	Warning
If current higher than:	200.0 %
If frequency lower than:	15.00 Hz
For at least:	20 s
Back	14:20

Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

If current higher than:	
100.0 %	
0.0	1600.0
Cancel	14:20

Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

Stall protection	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detect motor stall	
Action:	Warning
If current higher than:	100.0 %
If frequency lower than:	15.00 Hz
For at least:	20 s
Back	14:20

5) Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

Stall protection	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detect motor stall	
Action:	Warning
If current higher than:	100.0 %
If frequency lower than:	15.00 Hz
For at least:	20 s
Back	14:20

Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

For at least:	
0015 s	
0	3600
Cancel	14:20

Local  My drive  $\pm$ 50.0 Hz

Stall protection	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detect motor stall	
Action:	Warning
If current higher than:	100.0 %
If frequency lower than:	15.00 Hz
For at least:	15 s
Back	14:20

# Compressors

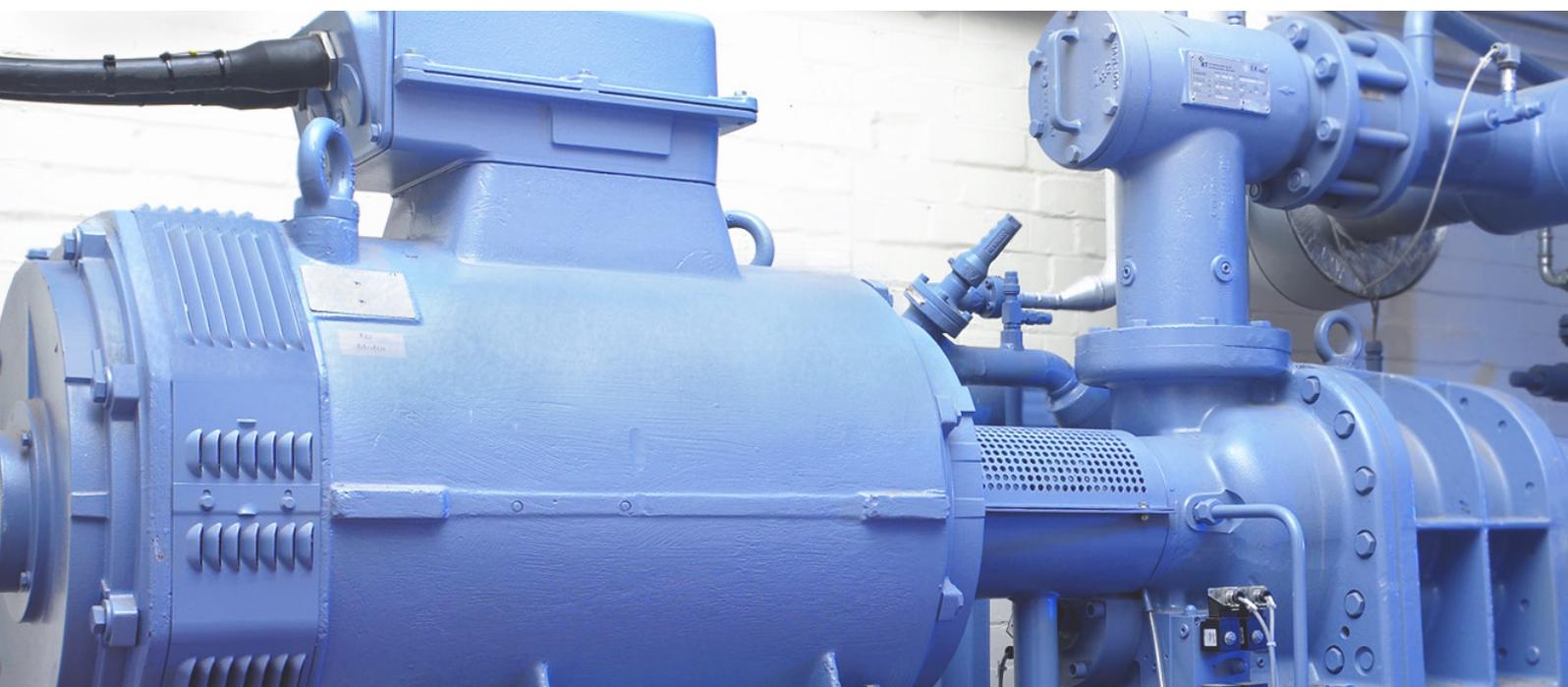
## Screw compressor

Screw compressors are used in very diverse set of environments: some of them might be potentially explosive, while other locations might be cold and humid. The ACS580 and ACS480 offer suitable features for many kinds of environments. For example, an ATEX-certified motor temperature monitoring module is a good choice for explosive environments, while the motor pre-heating function keeps the motor free from condensation.



### Features for the screw compressors in a potentially explosive environment

Highlight features	Use also for these applications
ATEX-certified CPTC-02 module	Pumps, fans, compressors
Pre-heating	Pumps, compressors
Pre-magnetization	Conveyors



## Compressors

### Benefits and instructions – ATEX-certified CPTC-02 module

Suitable for:

- ACS580  
 ACS480

#### Benefits of the ATEX-certified CPTC-02 module

If motors are used in applications in a potentially explosive environment, the ACS580 general purpose drives can be ordered with an ATEX-certified thermistor protection module option. This module protects the motors from being damaged by too-high motor temperatures. The ATEX-approved CPTC-02 module includes a PTC sensor input that executes the SIL/PL capable Safe Motor Temperature safety function by activating the drive's safe torque off function, STO.

If the motor temperature rises above the PTC sensor limit temperature, the sensor resistance increases very sharply. This indicates overtemperature to the CPTC-02 module. The module switches the drive's safe torque off circuit off, which activates the drive's STO function. The STO function disables the control voltage of the power semiconductors of the drive output stage. This prevents the drive from generating the torque required to rotate the motor. If the motor is running when the STO function is activated, it coasts to a stop.

#### How do you set it up?

1) Go to **Parameters** and select **Complete list**. Scroll down to parameter group **15**. Make sure that the value of both parameters **15.02** and **15.01** is **CPTC-02**. The value can be edited by choosing **Edit**.

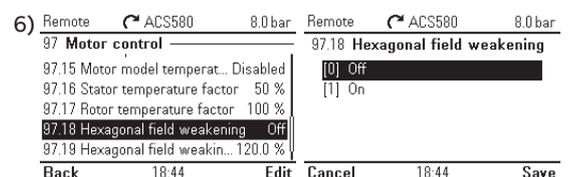
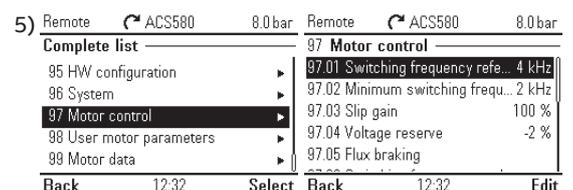
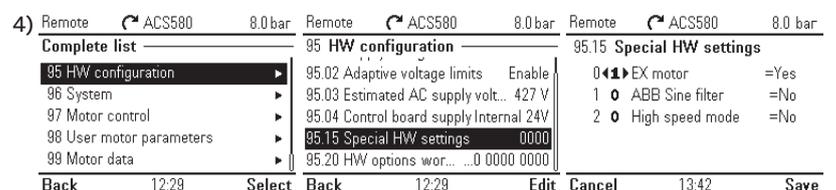
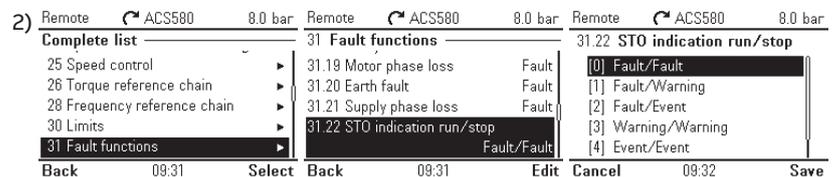
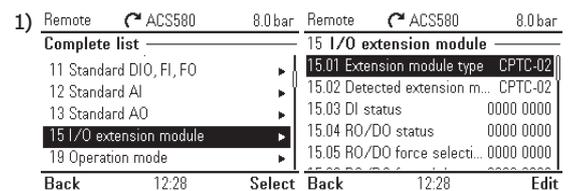
2) Go to parameter group **31**. In parameter **31.22**, select which indications are given when one or both STO signals are switched off or lost.

3) Go to parameter group **35**, and make sure that the value of parameter **35.31**, **SMT**, is **1**. This enables the Safe motor temperature.

4) Go to parameter group **95**, and set the minimum switching frequency for ABB Ex motors in parameter **95.15**.

5) For other motors, use parameters **97.01** and **97.02** in the parameter group **97**. Parameter **97.01** defines the switching frequency of the drive that is used as long as the drive doesn't heat too much. Parameter **97.02** corresponds to the lowest switching frequency that is allowed.

6) Make sure that the value of parameter **97.18** is zero. For Ex motors, hexagonal field weakening must be deactivated.



## Compressors

### Benefits and instructions – pre-heating

Suitable for:

- ACS580
- ACS480

#### Benefits of pre-heating

This function turns pre-heating on or off. While on, the drive keeps the motor warm and prevents condensation in a halted motor by feeding a fixed current, typically 0-30 percent of the nominal current, to the motor. By warming the motor and preventing water from condensing in it, the **lifetime and maintenance interval of the motor can be prolonged**. In addition, the pre-heating **prevents damage and wear in the motor caused by cold starts**. The pre-heating function is useful especially in humid or cold conditions where condensation is a typical phenomenon or where the motor gets cold easily.

The function can be defined to be always active when the drive is stopped, or it can be activated by a digital input, fieldbus, timed function or supervision function. For example, with the help of the signal supervision function, the heating can be activated by a thermal measurement signal from the motor.

If the pre-heating is activated, the stop command is given, and the drive is running below zero speed, the drive starts immediately to pre-heat the motor. If the motor is running above zero speed, the pre-heating is delayed by 60 seconds to prevent excessive current in the motor.

#### How do you set it up?

1) To see and adjust pre-heating settings, go to **Primary settings** and choose **Motor**. Scroll down to **Pre-heating**.

2) Select **Pre-heat motor while stopped**. To edit the percentage value of the nominal current that is used for pre-heating the motor, click **Current** and select **Edit**. Use the arrow buttons to edit the value.

3) If pre-heating is set through Primary settings, it's always activated while the motor is stopped. To select an input source to trigger the pre-heating, go to **Parameters** and select **Complete list**. Go to parameter group **21 Start/stop mode**. In parameter **21.14 Pre-heating input source**, you can select, for example, digital inputs or timed functions to active the pre-heating.

4) In parameter **21.16 Pre-heating current**, you can set the desired value for pre-heating current.

The screenshots illustrate the configuration process:

- Primary settings - Motor:** The 'Pre-heating' option is highlighted and set to 'Off'.
- Pre-heating settings:** The 'Pre-heat motor while stopped' checkbox is checked. The 'Current' value is shown as 17.0%.
- Complete list - 21 Start/stop mode:** The '21.14 Pre-heating input source' is set to 'D13'.
- 21.16 Pre-heating current:** The current value is edited to 14.0%.

## Compressors

### Benefits and instructions – pre-magnetization

Suitable for:

- ACS580
- ACS480

**WARNING!**  
The drive will start after the set pre-magnetizing time has passed even if motor magnetization is not completed.

#### Benefits of pre-magnetization

Pre-magnetization can be applied to **guarantee the highest possible breakaway torque** (up to 200 percent of the nominal torque of the motor). In addition, by adjusting the magnetization time, it is possible to **synchronize the motor start and e.g. the release of the mechanical brake**, which is **useful when great accuracy is needed**.

Normal start mode starts the motor immediately from zero speed, while Fast mode allows the drive to pre-magnetize the motor before start with an automatically determined pre-magnetizing time. Const time, on the other hand, should be selected if constant pre-magnetizing time is required, for example when synchronizing with a mechanical brake. If a full breakaway torque is also essential, ensure that the constant magnetizing time is long enough to allow generation of full magnetization and torque.

Automatic mode enables the drive to automatically select the correct output frequency to start rotating the motor. It's especially useful with flying starts, as the drive will start smoothly at the current frequency of the rotating motor. If permanent magnet motors are used, this mode must be selected.

The torque boost mode allows both the pre-magnetization of the motor and the torque boost to be applied. The torque boost effect ceases when the output frequency exceeds 20 Hz or when it is equal to the reference value. The Automatic+torque boost mode first performs an automatic start and magnetizes the motor. However, if the speed of the motor is zero, the torque boost is applied.

#### How do you set it up?

To see and adjust pre-magnetization-related parameters go to **Parameters** and select **Complete list**.

1) Go to parameter group **21 Start/stop mode**. If you're using vector control, select parameter **21.01 Start mode** and select which starting mode you'd like to use.

2) If you're using scalar control, select parameter **21.19 Scalar start mode**, and select which starting mode you'd like to use.

3) To adjust the magnetization time, for example if **Const time** is selected, go to parameter **21.02** and determine the time period the drive allows the motor to be magnetized. Once the desired time is determined, click **Save**.

4) To ensure full magnetizing, set parameter **21.02** to the same value as, or higher than, the rotor time constant. If the value isn't known, use the rule-of-thumb values on the right.

1) Remote  My drive 0.0 Hz

Complete list	21 Start/stop mode	21.01 Start mode
13 Standard AO	21.01 Start mode Automatic	[0] Fast
15 I/O extension module	21.02 Magnetization time 500 ms	[1] Const time
19 Operation mode	21.03 Stop mode Coast	[2] Automatic
20 Start/stop/direction	21.04 Emergency stop ... Ramp stop [...]	
21 Start/stop mode	21.05 Emergency stop ... Inactive (true)	
Back 15:14 Select	Back 15:14 Edit	Cancel 15:14 Save

2) Remote  My drive 0.0 Hz

21 Start/stop mode	21.19 Scalar start mode
21.11 Post magnetization time 0 s	[0] Normal
21.14 Pre-heating input source Off	[1] Const time
21.16 Pre-heating current 0.0 %	[2] Automatic
21.18 Auto restart time 10.0 s	[3] Torque boost
21.19 Scalar start mode Normal	[4] Automatic+boost
Back 15:15 Edit	Cancel 15:15 Save

3) Remote  My drive 0.0 Hz

21 Start/stop mode	21.02 Magnetization time
21.01 Start mode Const time	00500 ms
21.02 Magnetization time 500 ms	
21.03 Stop mode Ramp	
21.04 Emergency stop ... Ramp stop [...]	
21.05 Emergency stop ... Inactive (true)	
Back 06:29 Edit	Cancel 15:14 Save

4) **Motor rated power** vs **Constant magnetizing time**

Motor rated power	Constant magnetizing time
< 1 kW	≥ 50-100 ms
1-10 kW	≥ 100-200 ms
10-200 kW	≥ 200-1000 ms
200-1000 kW	≥ 1000-2000 ms

# Pumps

## Positive displacement pump

Pumps are maybe the most common applications in different industries. Typically, pumps are centrifugal (squared torque) pumps, but there are also positive displacement pumps in the market. Positive displacement pumps are constant-torque applications. These pumps are typically used to pump slurry or other highly viscous material.



### Features for the positive displacement pumps

Highlight features
Speed supervision
PID control
Two ramp sets

Use also for these applications
Fans
Pumps, fans, compressors
Pumps, conveyors



# Pumps

## Benefits and instructions – speed supervision

Suitable for:

- ACS580
- ACS480

### Benefits of speed supervision

Several signals can be monitored with the ACS580 and ACS480 standard control programs. There are six different supervisions available, and all six can be configured in different ways to ensure smooth operation. When the supervision signal meets the supervision criteria, a user-selected action, fault or warning is generated.

In this example, we will configure the supervision function to monitor the pump speed and torque. The following instructs you how to set these supervision signals.

### How do you set it up?

1) To access supervision settings, go to **Primary settings**, scroll down to **Advanced functions**, and select **Supervision**. Here you can supervise three signals.

2) Select **Supervision 1** function and define how the signal is supervised.

3) Determine which action is taken if the supervision limits are met. In this example, we select to supervise both low and high values of the signal and to generate a warning if the value is too low or high.

4) Next, select **Speed** for the signal to be supervised and determine the limits for the low and high values of the signal.

5) Edit the label of the warning if needed by clicking **Edit** and using the arrow buttons for typing a new label.

6) Go back to the **Supervision 1** view and select **Supervision 2** to set the torque supervision. Follow the same steps as with the speed supervision.

7) To supervise more than three signals, go to **Parameters**, select **Complete list**, scroll down to parameter group **34 Supervision**, and set additional signals or all supervised signals in this view.

1) Remote  My drive 50.0 Hz Local  My drive 50.0 Hz  
**Main menu**  
 Primary settings  
 I/O  
 Diagnostics  
 Exit 14:07 Select

2) Remote  My drive 50.0 Hz Local  My drive 50.0 Hz  
**Supervision**  
 Supervision status: 0000  
 Supervision 1 Disabled  
 Supervision 2 Disabled  
 Supervision 3 Disabled  
 Back 10:29 Select

3) Local  My drive 50.0 Hz  
**Supervision 1**  
 Function: Low  
 Action: No action  
 Signal: Frequency  
 Low limit: 0.00  
 High limit: 0.00  
 Back 06:25 Edit

4) Local  My drive 50.0 Hz  
**Supervision 1**  
 Function: Low  
 Action: Warning  
 Signal: Frequency  
 Low limit: 0.00  
 High limit: 0.00  
 Back 06:26 Edit

5) Remote  My drive 50.0 Hz  
**Supervision 1**  
 Low limit: 600.00  
 High limit: 1500.00  
 Hysteresis: 0.00  
 Label: Signal supervision  
 Instruction line 1: Signal supervision 1  
 Back 10:30 Edit

6) Remote  My drive 50.0 Hz Remote  My drive 50.0 Hz Remote  My drive 50.0 Hz  
**Supervision**  
 Supervision status: 0001  
 Supervision 1 Both  
 Supervision 2 Disabled  
 Supervision 3 Disabled  
 Back 10:33 Select

7) Remote  My drive 32.0 Hz Remote  My drive 0.0 Hz  
**Complete list**  
 26 Torque reference chain  
 28 Frequency reference chain  
 30 Limits  
 31 Fault functions  
 32 Supervision  
 Back 11:56 Select

**Advanced functions**  
 External events  
 Additional fault reset  
 Reset from keypad and Custom  
 Autoreset faults Off  
**Supervision**  
 Back 06:25 Select

**Function:**  
 Disabled  
 Low  
 High  
**Both**  
 Cancel 06:25 Save

**Action:**  
 No action  
**Warning**  
 Fault  
 Fault if running  
 Cancel 06:25 Save

**Signal:**  
 Not selected  
**Speed**  
 Frequency  
 Current  
 DC voltage  
 Cancel 10:29 Save

**Supervision 1**  
 Signal: Speed  
 Low limit: 600.00  
 High limit: 1500.00  
 Hysteresis: 0.00  
 Label: Speed supervision  
 Back 10:32 Edit

**Function:**  
 Disabled  
 Low  
 High  
 Both  
 Cancel 10:33 Save

**32 Supervision**  
 32.01 Supervision status 0000 0000  
 32.05 Supervision 1 function Both  
 32.06 Supervision 1 action Fault  
 32.07 Supervision 1 signal Speed  
 32.08 Supervision 1 filter time 0.000 s  
 Back 12:04 Edit

# Pumps

## Benefits and instructions – PID control

Suitable for:

- ACS580
- ACS480

### Benefits of PID control

A PID controller is a typical process controller in industrial applications. The PID controller, which is typically integrated into the drive or in some other control platform, **keeps the process variable in the preferred value** by adjusting the process. In a VSD-driven application, the PID controller can be used to control the motor/pump speed to keep, for example, high enough pressure in the system. If the pressure drops under or rises above a limit defined by the user, the PID accelerates or decelerates the motor accordingly. This **ensures optimal output and balances the process time**.

In process PID control, a process reference (set-point) is connected to the drive instead of a speed reference. An actual value (process feedback) is also brought back to the drive. The process PID control adjusts the drive speed in order to keep the measured process quantity (actual value) at the desired level (setpoint). This means that the user doesn't need to set a frequency/speed/torque reference to the drive, as the drive adjust its operation according to the process PID.

It's also possible to switch between two different process PID sets. The PID controllers, together with timed functions, enable users to **achieve optimal output also with varying process requirements, for example, during day and night**.

### How do you set it up?

1) Use **Primary settings** to configure the PID settings quickly and without the need to access any drive parameters. Go to **Primary settings**, select **Macro** and scroll down to **PID**. This selection pre-configures all the needed parameters in order to get the PID control into action.

2) To adjust the PID settings further, continue with **Primary settings** and scroll down to **PID**. Set, e.g. the min and max PID output values, define the process unit, set the deviation logic, define the setpoint and feedback sources, set gain, integration and derivation values to ensure optimal process control, and enable the sleep function to automatically stop the motor when demand is low.

### For advanced users

3) To switch between two PID controls, go to parameter group **40**, select parameter **40.57**, and choose e.g. **Timed function 1**. Adjust the **Process PID set 2** parameters in the parameter group **41**.

4) Finally, go to parameter group **34** and enable and configure the timer for the PID set 2 in parameters **34.10-34.13**.

1) Remote  My drive 50.0 Hz Primary settings Macro: ABB standard Motor Start, stop, reference Ramps Limits PID

2) Remote  My drive 0.0 bar PID controls: Speed reference PID output: 0.00 rpm Unit: bar Deviation: 0.00 bar Setpoint: 0.00 bar

3) Remote  My drive 68.5 bar Complete list 40 Process PID set 1 40.49 Set 1 tracking mode Not selected 40.50 Set 1 tracking ref ... Not selected 40.57 PID set1/set2 selection Timed function 1 40.58 Set 1 increase prevention No

4) Remote  My drive 68.6 bar Complete list 34 Timed functions 34.10 Timed functions enable Enabled 34.11 Timer 1 configur... 1 1000 0000 34.12 Timer 1 start time 00:00:00 34.13 Timer 1 duration 00:00:00 34.14 Timer 2 configur... 1 1000 0000

5) Remote  My drive 0.0 bar Process PID set 2 41.08 Set 2 feedback 1 so... All scaled 41.09 Set 2 feedback 2 ... Not selected 41.10 Set 2 feedback function In1 41.11 Set 2 feedback filter time 0.000 s 41.14 Set 2 setpoint scaling 0.00

6) Remote  My drive 68.5 bar Timed functions 34.11 Timer 1 configuration 0 1 Monday =Active 1 1 Tuesday =Active 2 4 0 Wednesday =Inactive 3 0 Thursday =Inactive 4 0 Friday =Inactive

The optimal gain, integration and derivation values can be achieved by loop tuning, where the values are slightly changed and the process behavior is examined until the best output is achieved.

If the process has different requirements, for example during day and night, set two different PID controls and switch between them according to a timed function.

# Pumps

## Benefits and instructions – two ramp sets

Suitable for:

- ACS580
- ACS480

### Benefits of two ramp sets

Constant-torque applications, such as positive displacement pumps, require a high starting torque. In a typical direct-on-line (DOL) or star-delta operation, there is a risk that not enough current is available for the start or the start will cause a voltage drop in the system.

By using variable speed drives, **constant-torque applications can be started in a more sophisticated manner**. Variable speed drives, such as the ACS580 and ACS480, ensure that there is **enough torque also at low speeds** to start a positive displacement pump.

Besides the smooth start, ACS580 and ACS480 prove valuable when there is a need to control the speed of the positive displacement pump. The **pump speed can be adjusted smoothly** starting from zero speed.

The general purpose drives also feature several customer-configurable ramp sets. With these, you can start the positive displacement pump quickly to 35 Hz to minimize mechanical wear in the sealing and then start using a slower acceleration in the normal operation.

### How do you set it up?

- 1) Go to **Primary settings** and select **Ramps** to adjust ramp times. Click **Edit** to modify acceleration time, deceleration time, and other values.
- 2) If s-ramp (introduced earlier) is needed, define the shape time. Determine also the stop mode. Select **Use two ramp sets** and choose when ramp set 2 is activated. In this example, we activate ramp set 2 when a certain frequency is exceeded.
- 3) Determine the limit for the frequency that activates ramp set 2. In this example, we want ramp set 2 to be activated once 35 Hz is exceeded.
- 4) Determine acceleration, deceleration, and shape times for ramp set 2.



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For more information  
and contact details:

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